## Supplementary data:

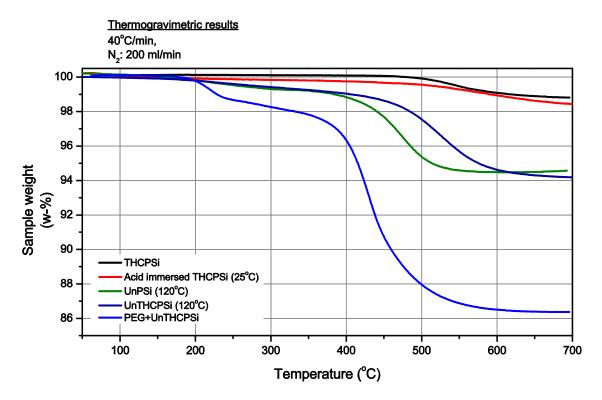
## Thermally promoted addition of undecylenic acid on thermally hydrocarbonized porous silicon optical reflectors

By Tero Jalkanen<sup>1,2</sup>, Ermei Mäkilä<sup>2</sup>, Tetsuo Sakka<sup>1</sup>, Jarno Salonen<sup>2,3</sup>, and Yukio H. Ogata<sup>1</sup>

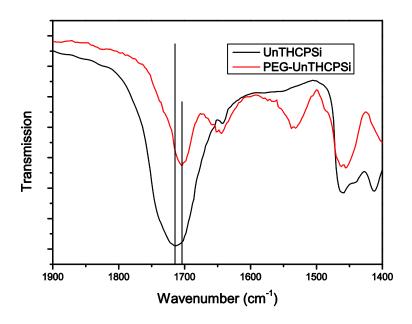
<sup>1</sup>Institute of Advanced Energy, Kyoto University, Uji, Kyoto 611-0011, Japan

<sup>2</sup>Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Turku, FI-20014 Turku, Finland

<sup>3</sup>Turku University Centre for Materials and Surfaces, University of Turku, FI-20014 Turku, Finland



**Figure S1.** Thermogravimetric (TG) measurements of thermally hydrocarbonized PSi (THCPSi), undecylenic acid treated hydrogen terminated as-anodized PSi (UnPSi) and similarly treated hydrocarbonized PSi (UnTHCPSi). In addition, TG-curves for UnTHCPSi functionalized with amine-terminated PEG 5000, and THCPSi that has been immersed in undecylenic acid at 25°C for 16 hours and washed copiously afterwards. Reduction in weight is related to thermal decomposition of surface moieties desorbing from the surface, and gives qualitative information about the processes involved.



**Figure S2. F**TIR spectra for UnTHCPSi and UnTHCPSi functionalized with NH<sub>2</sub>-PEG 5000. The spectra reveal a shift in the peak related to the carboxylic end of the undecylenic acid molecyle (indicated by the vertical lines). Also the amide bands at 1650 cm<sup>-1</sup> and 1540 cm<sup>-1</sup> are clearly visible in the functionalized sample.